

International Meetings Statistics Report

65th Edition – June 2024

Comparative tables on the international
meetings of international organizations

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Introduction

This is the 65th edition of this report.

The "new normal" is still developing as it relates to association life and meeting activities. As with the previous three reports, the massive impact of the pandemic on international association meetings is evident in this report and its ripples will continue to be seen as the years pass.

If you are familiar with this report then you will be aware that our data for a given year generally do not stabilize until a point five years further on. This is due to the fact that we are not immediately aware of what took place in the preceding year and are constantly updating our databases of international associations and their meetings activity. The Yearbook generally adds 900-1,200 new organization descriptions during each annual cycle, and these bring meetings of their own to the statistical picture.

We are not presenting 2019 data again in this report as we have for the past three years but the *last good year before the pandemic* will remain the baseline for comparison and analysis of the 2020s.

The comparison tables which follow provide an indication of how the data change from year to year.

What of the pandemic years and 2023?

We continue to track meetings which were **cancelled or postponed / rescheduled**. Historically the UIA has not had a firm editorial rule in such matters.

Situations where conflict or natural disaster caused problems for scheduled meetings can be seen in our time-scale data by gaps or drop off in activity (the World Wars being the clearest examples). UIA had not traditionally described the planned events which had not taken place. By tracking cancelled and postponed events we are able to present a clearer picture of significant circumstances in an association's life.

We are now more correctly reflecting the participant status of events with **in-person, hybrid, and online/virtual** added to an event's description in the database. Historically the only meetings in our data which took place outside a defined town or city were those which happened on a cruise ship or those which took place in a national park or "resort".

The data for 2023 show the continuing trends of some events having to be rescheduled or changed to a hybrid or fully online format. Additionally, most border controls were lifted in 2022, allowing greater freedom to travel to events. In terms of association life, we are seeing a growing trend of conferences now being planned / scheduled further into the future than in the past four years. At this time, **2038** is the latest year for a scheduled event in the UIA data.

A note on our 2023 data: why does 2023 look the way it does?

Our traditional editorial notes describe the process by which the UIA interacts with international associations and the meetings industry to compile information about association events. As with every other aspect of life during the pandemic the UIA has also faced changes and disruption to our annual cycles of contact and information gathering.

This has led to:

- a reduced total number of events in the database for the pandemic years;
- the need for additional editorial attention given to a single event which may have been postponed as many as three times;
- reduced information provided by our partners;
- additional editorial time required to investigate the final status of events.

The problem of attributing a location to disrupted meetings

In the case of a hybrid event our expectation is that the location of the in-person element is described as the “location” of the meeting for our purposes. In the case of a planned in-person event which was ultimately held as online/virtual the issue becomes more complicated. Our default approach is that an online meeting with no specified host locale is then attributed to the home office city of the Yearbook organization. For this reason, some traditionally minor cities have risen in the rankings because they host an especially active organization. For example, Piscataway NJ (USA) is home to the meeting-intensive IEEE's headquarters.

This reflects the economic aspect of how the event technology is contracted or organized. In other cases, we have seen that the planned locale for an in-person meeting takes on the role of technology partner for the online meeting, thus retaining the geographical credit for the meeting. Neither of these approaches is perfect, but they are sufficient for our purposes of describing what took place in the life of an individual international association. They are less elegant in describing how the local committee may have played the greatest role in making the event happen (reviewing papers, organizing break out groups and so on) or where the technology provider was based. As more meetings are deliberately planned as hybrid or online, we will see a reduction in these ambiguities; and we will adjust our approach as needed.

As time passes, we will know more about what happened in 2020, 2021, 2022 and 2023. What follows below is a presentation of what we know now, with an expectation of an increase in quantity and range as we move ahead.

What is not displayed in the geographic tables:

- postponed meetings
- cancelled meetings
- identifying / differentiating between in-person / hybrid and virtual meetings

Events in the International Congress Calendar currently marked with meeting-status information				
	Cancelled	Postponed	Virtual	Hybrid
2021	221	855	4986	1121
2022	93	163	1363	1702
2023	18	14	314	945
2024	7	2	54	248
2025	0	1	2	28

This report on the year 2023 takes 517,728 meetings into account, organized in 271 countries, in 12,398 cities, by 29,471 international organizations.

We appreciate your comments and suggestions.

– The UIA Editorial Team

UIA Survey on International Association Meeting Issues

Related to this Report, the UIA is again surveying international associations on their meeting habits and the report will be released in November 2024 (<https://uia.org/publications/meetings-survey>).

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Chapter 1

Research Methodology

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1.1 General methodology

This report is extracted from the Union of International Associations (UIA) database, which is the source of UIA's flagship publications: the *International Congress Calendar* and the *Yearbook of International Organizations*.

Since its founding in 1907 the UIA has collected information on international organizations and their international meetings; a first statistical review was published in its *Revue internationale des congrès* in 1910. Since 1960 the UIA has prepared statistics on the international meetings that have taken place worldwide in the preceding year. This work is based on routine research and surveys undertaken by the UIA for the compilation of the *Yearbook of International Organizations* (published since 1950) and the *International Congress Calendar* (published since 1960).

The organizations and associations in the UIA database are the prime source of information in this report. The UIA editors work continuously throughout the year on the meetings database, adding and modifying event records using information acquired from international organizations and secondary sources, whether for meetings planned for future years or for meetings which took place in years (long) past. The data in this report are extracted every year anew. The most current edition of the report is therefore the most up to date and comprehensive set of data available.

Because the UIA's meetings database is always changing, data extracted from the database today differ from those extracted and published previously, whether they refer to the future or to the past. Changes may arise from the re-scheduling or relocation of meetings and from the addition of supplementary information on recorded meetings or the addition of previously unrecorded meetings. As data are modified, more meetings are added to the database than are removed.

These reports have never claimed to be a complete survey of all international meetings. The editors note that there have been initiatives to determine a standard and generally accepted and applied definition of the term "meeting". While the editors see the need for such an agreement, they point out that the chief merit of the UIA statistics is that they have been compiled over several decades from the same sources and using consistent methods and criteria.

Reminder

In previous editions, in order to be counted in this report a meeting had to have at least 50 participants, or the number of participants be unknown. As of the 61st edition, meetings with under 50 participants are also included.

Territorial entities are listed on their own (for example: Hong Kong, Macau and Taiwan are *not* grouped under China)

New organization descriptions are created year-round. The editors have always examined information received on international meetings which have no clear link to an international association included in the UIA database, the source of the *Yearbook of International Organizations*. In some cases, this examination leads to the creation of new association profiles in the database.

1.2 What meetings are counted in this report?

Previous editions of this report included a description of meeting Types A, B and C. As announced in 2023, UIA is no longer including B and C type meetings in these statistics due to the low number of them in the data.

The database of the *International Congress Calendar* continues to contain more meetings than are selected for the statistics report, as has always been the case. Meetings not included in the report are visible in the public and subscription databases.

This report is extracted from the Union of International Associations (UIA) database, which is the source of UIA's flagship publications: the *International Congress Calendar* and the *Yearbook of International Organizations*. At the time of producing this edition there were 554,714 meetings in the UIA meetings database of which 517,728 meet the criteria for inclusion in this report.

Of these 517,728 meetings 504,016 took place in 2022 or earlier, 8,486 took place in 2023, and 5,226 are scheduled for 2024 or later. Some events take place in more than one city and are counted in this report for each city separately.

Meetings of international associations conform to all the following criteria:

- The meeting must have a clear link to an international association included in the UIA database, the source of the *Yearbook of International Organizations*. (See also below "What is an international organization?".)
- The meeting can be linked to either an international non-governmental organization (INGO) or an intergovernmental organization (IGO).
- The meeting is eligible for inclusion regardless of its frequency. A meeting can be a one-off event, part of a regular series, or part of an irregular series.
- The meeting is eligible for inclusion regardless of its location. A meeting series can be held always in the same location, or rotate according to a pattern between locations, or change locations randomly.
- The meeting is eligible for inclusion regardless of its participant numbers.
- Included in this report are 8,486 meetings for 2023.

On average, 900-1,200 new organization descriptions are added to the database annually.

1.3 What is an “international organization”?

The UIA database, the source of the *Yearbook of International Organizations*, profiles “non-profit” “international” “organizations” according to broad criteria. It therefore includes many bodies that may be perceived, according to narrower definitions, as not being fully international, or as not being organizations as such, or as not being of sufficient significance to merit inclusion. Such bodies are nevertheless included so as to enable users to make their own evaluation in the light of their own criteria.

“Organization”: There are forms of social organization that may substitute for more formal or conventional forms, such as a conference series with no continuing committee, virtual organizations, networks, cartels, secret societies, religious sects, and bodies with no formal structure or fixed address. Due to the sometimes-vague structure of such bodies, they may be under-reported.

“Non-profit”: The definition of “profit-making”, and the extent to which any “non-profit organization” may incidentally or deliberately make a profit as defined by particular tax regimes, cannot be unambiguously resolved. This grey area is treated with flexibility, though bodies that are unambiguously constituted as “for profit” or with solely commercial aims are excluded.

“International”: The editors look for the involvement of at least three countries on a more or less equal footing, to the possible exclusion of bi-lateral international bodies and those in which a particular country is dominant. Indications of “internationality” include distribution of board members, location of meetings, rotation of secretariat, source of finance, and membership. Bodies that are focused on, or derive from, a single country are likely to be excluded, which may lead to under-reporting of, for example, aid and missionary societies, or language and cultural activities.

The number and variety of organizations in the UIA database are indicators of the problems of information collection. Documenting organizations and their meetings is challenging for reasons such as the following:

- News of the creation, existence or dissolution of an organization may only be received some time after the fact. Information on an organization’s activities may take time to be received and registered by the editors.
- Some organizations are reluctant to publicize their activities. They may not respond to questionnaires or may omit significant information from their replies. Some may not perceive themselves as sufficiently formalized to be mentioned in the same context as those that are legally established.
- Some organizations are ephemeral creations or are only “activated” for infrequent meetings, events or projects.
- Some organizations have frequent changes of secretariat, making continuing contact problematic.

Approximately 60% of UIA’s profiles of currently active organizations include information on meetings activity. These data form the basis of this report.

More information on UIA’s hierarchical typology can be found on the UIA website in the article [“Types of organization”](#).

1.4 Caveat

The UIA editors work continuously throughout the year on the meetings database, adding and modifying event records using information acquired from international organizations and secondary sources, whether for meetings planned for future years or for meetings which took place in years (long) past. The data in this report are extracted every year anew. The most current edition of the report is therefore the most up to date and comprehensive set of data available. Readers are reminded that data, especially for recent years, are therefore provisional: data will change as research continues and the database is updated.

The number of meetings in the database for the year just past will, on average, increase:

- by about 11% over the next year
- by about 34% over the following five years, and
- by about 37% over the following seven years.

1.5 Geographical names

It is not the intention of the editors to take a position with regard to the political or diplomatic implications of geographical names or continental groupings used. The country, city, and continental names used in this publication are chosen for the sake of brevity and common usage in English. Within the limits of standardization required for statistical purposes, the geographical names used by the organizer of the meeting are respected. This may sometimes lead to territories and dependencies being listed separately, which then affects the totals per country.

The editors are aware there may be inconsistencies in spelling or usage of city names and would welcome being given the information necessary to correct these. Some apparent inconsistencies, however, may be due to the preferences of the organizer (for example, indicating a meeting is held in a suburb or distinct district of a major city rather than in the city itself), or to the exigencies of postal agreements.

1.6 Other resources

Custom research reports based on these and more data from the UIA database are available on request. [Contact us](#) for more information.

Readers wishing to study the overall association meetings market may also find it useful to consult the statistics reports produced by the International Congress and Convention Association (ICCA). This complementary resource can be used alongside UIA statistics to create a more complete understanding, rather than an alternative or competing view, of the same market segment.

The UIA and ICCA statistics differ, in the first place, because they are based on differing definitions of what constitutes an “international not-for-profit organization”. (See above “What is an international organization?”.) All three of these terms – “international”, “not-for-profit”, and “organization” – are large enough, and vague enough, to be interpreted differently. In a matching exercise carried out by UIA and ICCA together, it was found that about four-fifths of the international organizations in the ICCA database also qualify for inclusion in the UIA database; the remaining one-fifth does not meet UIA’s criteria for “international not-for-profit organizations”.

UIA’s association database has many organizations not included in ICCA’s database because UIA has a broader definition of “international not-for-profit organization”, and because UIA’s criteria are not restricted to organizations holding regular, rotating meetings. ICCA’s focus on the meetings activities of international associations, and its definition of “international association meeting”, further refine its selection of the international organizations behind those meetings, while UIA’s broader definitions allow a wider range of meetings and of organizations. For example, UIA’s database also includes organizations which have no (known) meetings activity at all.

Secondly, the UIA and ICCA statistics differ because they are based on differing definitions of what constitutes an “international association meeting”.

- Both include only events organized by international not-for-profit associations, but, as described above, their interpretations of those terms differ.
- ICCA includes only the meetings of non-governmental organizations; UIA includes meetings of both non-governmental organizations and intergovernmental organizations (and acknowledges the grey zone in between).
- ICCA includes only events which occur regularly; UIA includes meetings regardless of their frequency, including one-off events.
- ICCA includes only events which rotate between at least three countries; UIA includes meetings regardless of their location, including events held always in the same location.
- ICCA includes only events which attract at least 50 participants; UIA includes meetings regardless of their participant numbers.

Finally, ICCA and UIA differ in their focus. ICCA collects the information from its members – “specialists in organising, transporting and accommodating international meetings and events” – and also from international associations. UIA derives its information chiefly by direct and regular contact with international associations, and, in the second place, from national, regional, and civic tourist authorities.

Chapter 2

General overview of international association meetings

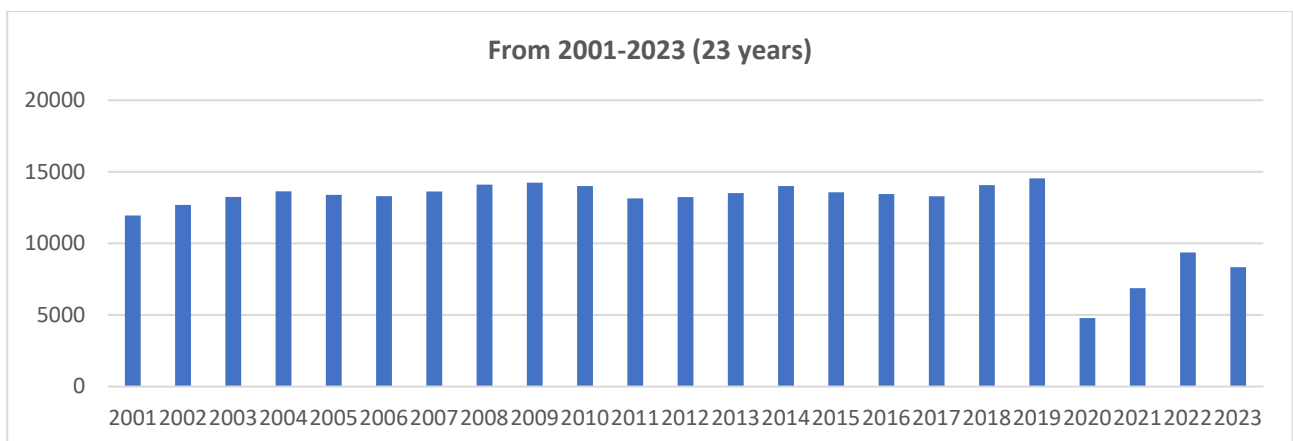
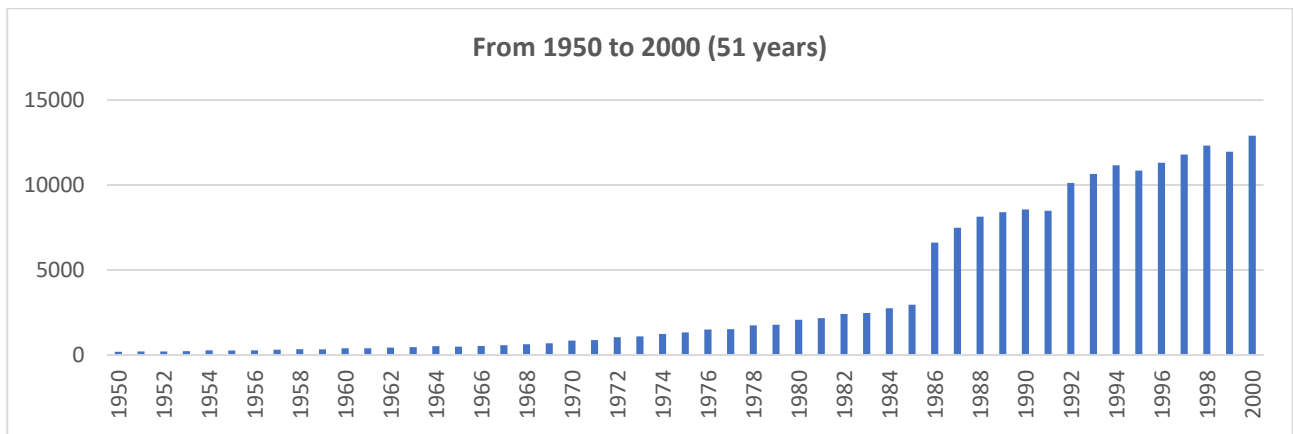
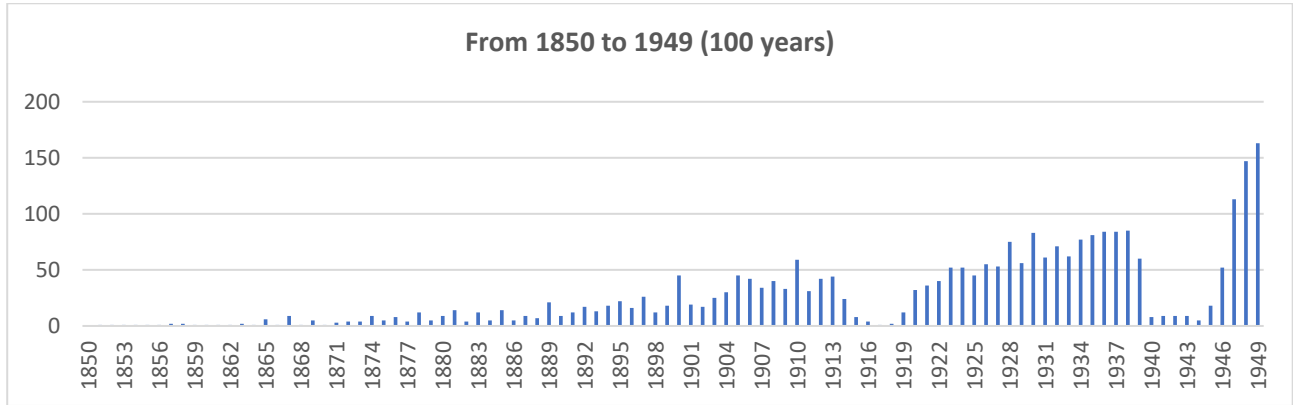
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2.1 Comparison with 62nd, 63rd and 64th editions

	65th edition published in 2024	64th edition published in 2023	63rd edition published in 2022	62nd edition published in 2021
Total number of meetings in the UIA database	554,714	537,897	523,764	511,371
Number of meetings included in this report	517,728	499,498	485,157	471,800
Number of meetings taking place prior to the reporting year (2022 or earlier)	504,016	486,461	473,937	462,627
Number of meetings taking place in the reporting year (2023)	8,486	8,058	6,473	4,242
Number of meetings scheduled to take place after the reporting year (2024 or later)	5,226	4,979	4,747	4,931
Number of countries represented for all years	271	268	262	256
Number of cities represented for all years	12,398	12,110	11,849	11,647
Number of countries represented for the reporting year (2023)	165	156	141	127
Number of cities represented for the reporting year (2023)	1,251	1,213	1,034	802
Number of active international organizations	44,714	43,836	42,947	42,201
Number of active international organizations known to have meetings activity	29,471	28,733	28,065	27,465

2.2 Number of international association meetings over 150+ years

These charts show the number of international association meetings from 1850 to 2023.*



* The data in this report are drawn from the UIA database, the source of the *International Congress Calendar* and the *Yearbook of International Organizations*.

Note that each chart has a different **scale on the Y axis**: number of meetings.

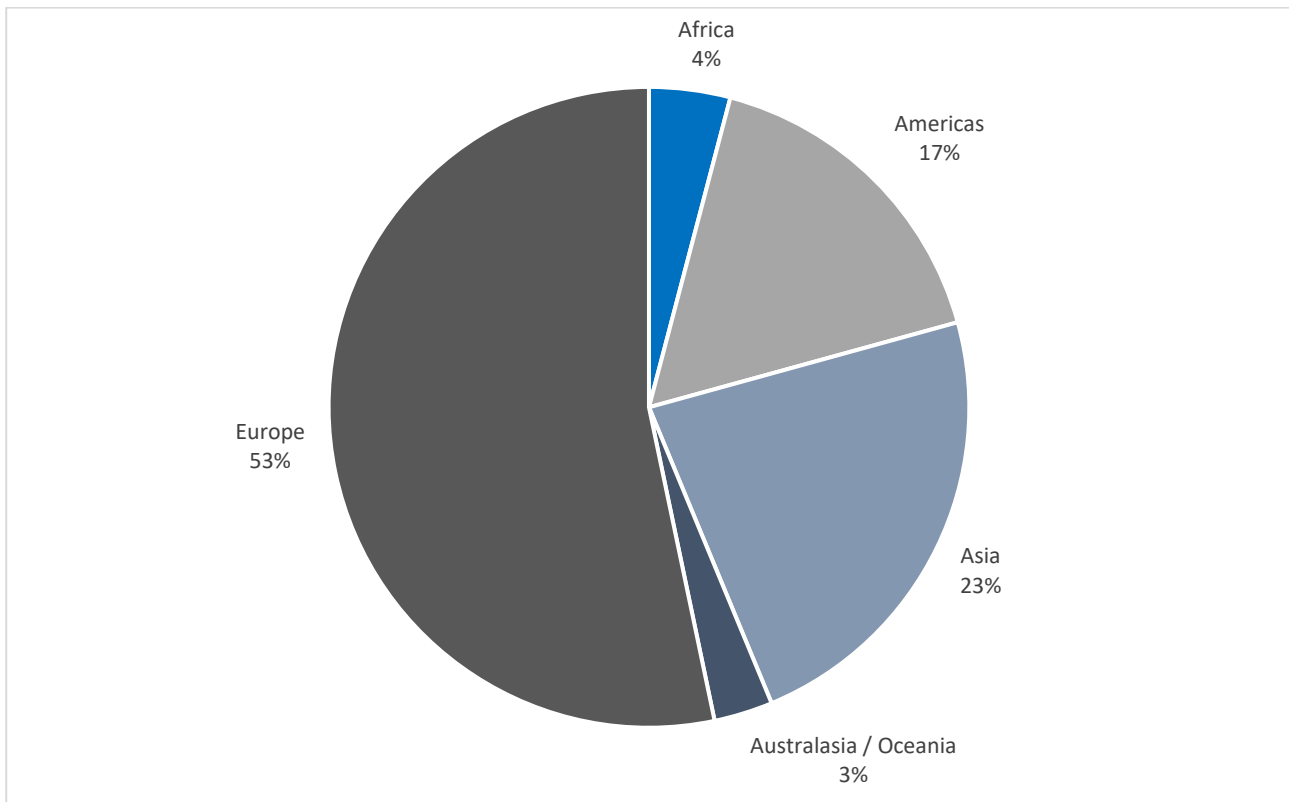
The significant change in the mid-1980s is due to **digitalization** enabling a more comprehensive collection of data. UIA still holds a significant paper archive of earlier years.

Caveat: The number of meetings in the database for the year just past will, on average, increase by about 11% over the next year, by about 34% over the following five years, and by about 37% over the following seven years.

2.3 Meetings by continent

2.3.1 Continental division in the past 20 years

This chart shows how the international association meetings held from 2004 to 2023 are spread over the continents.*



* The data in this report are drawn from the UIA database, the source of the *International Congress Calendar* and the *Yearbook of International Organizations*.

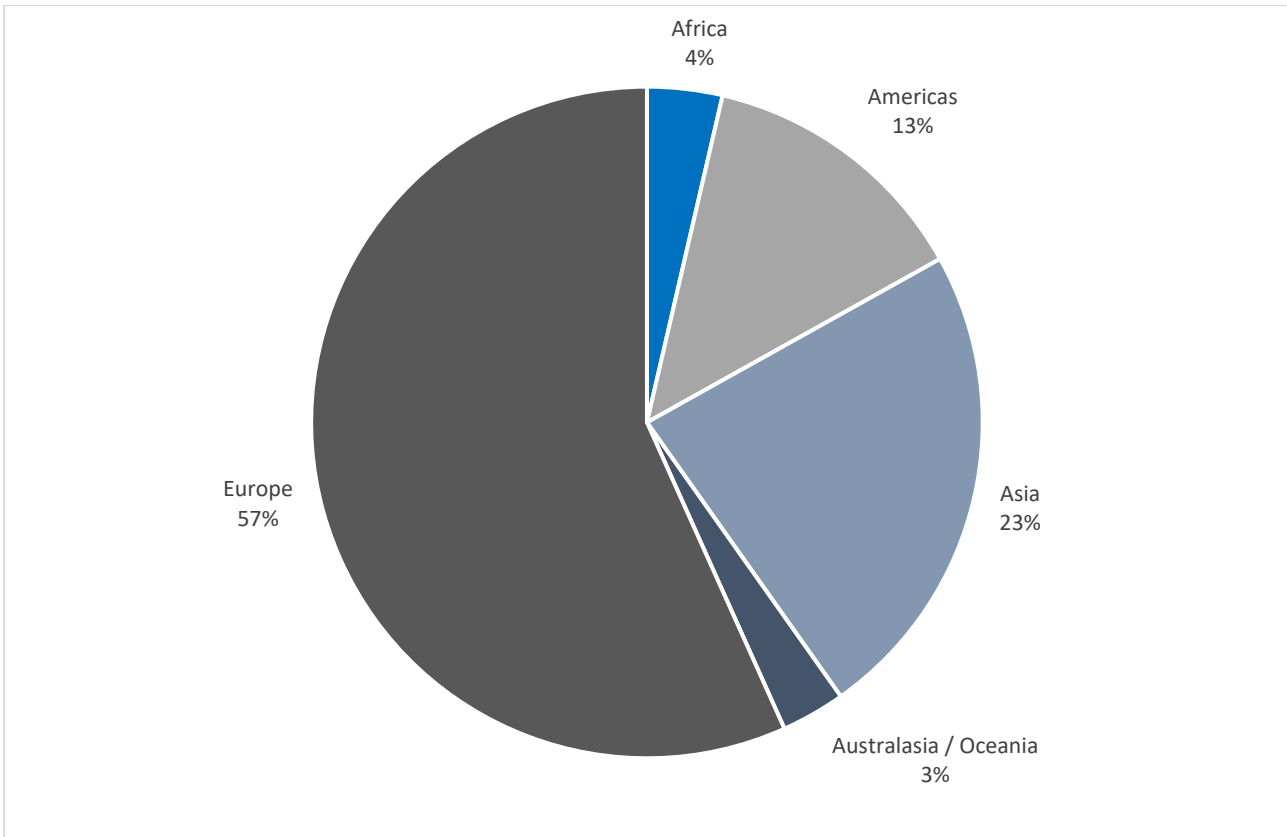
Caveat: The number of meetings in the database for the year just past will, on average, increase by about 11% over the next year, by about 34% over the following five years, and by about 37% over the following seven years.

Countries and cities: see “Research Methodology” regarding geographical names.

Continental divisions follow UIA’s standard practice.

2.3.2 Continental division in 2023

This chart shows how the international association meetings held in 2023 are spread over the continents.*



* The data in this report are drawn from the UIA database, the source of the *International Congress Calendar* and the *Yearbook of International Organizations*.

Caveat: The number of meetings in the database for the year just past will, on average, increase by about 11% over the next year, by about 34% over the following five years, and by about 37% over the following seven years.

Countries and cities: see “Research Methodology” regarding geographical names.

Continental divisions follow UIA’s standard practice.

2.4 Meeting size

2.4.1 Meeting size over 20 years

This table shows the total number of international association meetings for each category of participant numbers from 2004 to 2023.*

Participant numbers of meetings in 2004-2023			
Participants	Total meetings 2004-2023	Average meetings per year	% of total meetings 2004-2023
≤ 100	18,617	930.9	27.8%
101 to 500	32,960	1,648.0	49.2%
501 to 1000	7,906	395.3	11.8%
1001 to 3000	5,160	258.0	7.7%
3001 to 5000	1,147	57.4	1.7%
5001 to 7000	447	22.4	0.7%
> 7000	777	38.9	1.2%
	67,104		

* The data in this report are drawn from the UIA database, the source of the *International Congress Calendar* and the *Yearbook of International Organizations*.

Caveat: The number of meetings in the database for the year just past will, on average, increase by about 11% over the next year, by about 34% over the following five years, and by about 37% over the following seven years.
Only meetings with a known number of **participants** are included in this table.

2.5 Meeting duration

2.5.1 Meeting duration for 20 years

This table shows the total number of international association meetings of different durations from 2004 to 2023.*

Number meetings by duration in 2004-2023			
Days	Total meetings 2004-2023	Average meetings per year	% of total meetings 2004-2023
1 day	30,018	1,500.9	13.8%
2 days	39,850	1,992.5	18.3%
3 days	58,728	2,936.4	26.9%
4 days	43,239	2,162.0	19.8%
5 days	28,422	1,421.1	13.0%
> 5 days	17,851	892.6	8.2%

* The data in this report are drawn from the UIA database, the source of the *International Congress Calendar* and the *Yearbook of International Organizations*.

Caveat: The number of meetings in the database for the year just past will, on average, increase by about 11% over the next year, by about 34% over the following five years, and by about 37% over the following seven years.

The *International Meetings Statistics Report* is produced for the use of the Associate Members of the Union of International Associations. The Report is available for their exclusive use the first three months following publication.

Custom research reports based on these and more data from the UIA database are available on request.

Associated and complementary information is available in the *Yearbook of International Organizations, Volume 5: Statistics, Visualizations and Patterns*.

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